

Q44.

# Review to Inform a Better and Fairer Education System

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## **Chapter 2: Improving student outcomes – including for students most at risk of falling behind**

Q1. 1. What are the most important student outcomes for Australian school students that should be measured in the next NSRA? Should these go beyond academic performance (for example, attendance and engagement)?

Emotional well-being should be the primary focus as this impacts success in all other areas of life.

Q2. 2. What are the evidence-based practices that teachers, schools, systems and sectors can put in place to improve student outcomes, particularly for those most at risk of falling behind? Are different approaches required for different at-risk cohorts?

Steiner education should be more widely implemented and accessible.

Q3. 3. How can all students at risk of falling behind be identified early on to enable swift learning interventions?

Children all develop at different rates. They should never be labeled as 'behind' as this further hinders their development, learning and intrinsic self-worth.

Q4. 4. Should the next NSRA add additional priority equity cohorts? For example, should it add children and young people living in out-of-home care and students who speak English as an additional language or dialect? What are the risks and benefits of identifying additional cohorts?

Q5. 5. What should the specific targets in the next NSRA be? Should the targets be different for primary and secondary schools? If so, how? What changes are required to current measurement frameworks, and what new measures might be required?

Q6. 6. How can the targets in the next NSRA be structured to ensure evidence-based approaches underpin a nationally coherent reform agenda while allowing jurisdictions and schools the flexibility to respond to individual student circumstances and needs?

Q7. 7. How should progress towards any new targets in the next NSRA be reported on?

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### **Chapter 3: Improving student mental health and wellbeing**

Q8. 8. What does it look like when a school is supporting student mental health and wellbeing effectively? What is needed from school, systems, government and the community to deliver this?

Less or no focus on grades. This is a rewards system that promotes competitiveness and external validation. Each child is an individual with unique gifts. This should be celebrated and central to the education system. Students are also nature deprived and screen addicted. They spend the majority of their time indoors, at desks and on screens, as well as at organised after school activities. Free play, outdoor nature immersion and creativity should have significant more focus as these all enhance wellbeing and growth.

Q9. 9. What evidence-based wellbeing approaches currently being implemented by schools and communities should be considered as part of a national reform agenda?

Q10. 10. Should a wellbeing target be included in the next NSRA? Could this use existing data collections, or is additional data required?

Q11. 11. Would there be benefit in surveying students to help understand student perceptions of safety and belonging at school, subjective state of wellbeing, school climate and classroom disruption? Would there be value in incorporating this into existing National Assessment Program surveys such as NAPLAN?

Yes

Q12. 12. To what extent do school leaders and teachers have the skills and training to support students struggling with mental health?

Teachers are overwhelmed.

13. 13. What can be done to establish stronger partnerships between schools, Local Health Networks and Primary Health Networks?

Q19. 14. What can be done to ensure schools can easily refer students to services outside the school gate that they need to support their wellbeing? How can this be done without adding to teacher and leader workload?

Q56.

## **Chapter 4: Our current and future teachers**

Q20. 15. What change(s) would attract more students into the teaching profession?

Higher pay, less admin, less workload, shorter school week and school days.

Q32. 16. What change(s) would support teachers to remain in the profession?

Q31. 17. What change(s) would support qualified teachers to return to the profession?

Q30. 18. What additional reforms are needed to ensure that the schools most in need can support and retain highly effective teachers?

Q29. 19. What can be done to attract a diverse group of people into the teaching profession to ensure it looks like the broader community?

Q28. 20. What can be done to attract more First Nations teachers? What can be done to improve the retention of First Nations teachers?

Q26. 21. What reforms could enable the existing teacher workforce to be deployed more effectively?

Q25. 22. How can teacher career pathways, such as master teachers and instructional specialists, be improved to attract and retain teachers? How should this interact with the Highly Accomplished or Lead Teacher (HALT) certification and the Australian Professional Standards for Teachers?

Q24. 23. Are there examples of resources, such as curriculum materials, being used to improve teacher workload or streamline their administrative tasks?

Q23. 24. How should digital technology be used to support education delivery, reduce teacher workload and improve teacher effectiveness? What examples are you aware of?



Q22. 25. Are there benefits for the teaching profession in moving to a national registration system? If so, what are they?

Q57.

## **Chapter 5: Collecting data to inform decision-making and boost student outcomes**

Q27. 26. What data are of most value to you and how accessible are these for you?

Q35. 27. Is there any data that are not currently collected and reported on that is vital to understanding education in Australia? Why is this data important?

Q34. 28. Should data measurement and reporting on outcomes of students with disability be a priority under the next NSRA? If so, how can this data be most efficiently collected?

Q33. 29. Is there a need to establish a report which tracks progress on the targets and reforms in the next NSRA? Should it report at a jurisdictional and a national level? What should be included in the report?

Q32. 30. Is there data collected by schools, systems, sectors or jurisdictions that could be made more available to inform policy design and implementation? What systems would be necessary to enable these data are made available safely and efficiently?

Q31. 31. The Productivity Commission and Australian Education Research Organisation (AERO) have identified the need for longitudinal data to identify the actual students at risk of falling behind based on their performance (and not on equity groups alone) and to monitor these students' progress over time. Should this be the key data reform for the next NSRA?

Q30. 32. Should an independent body be responsible for collecting and holding data? What rules should be in place to govern the sharing of data through this body?

Q29. 33. Is there data being collected that is no longer required?

Q28. 34. How could the national Unique Student Identifier (USI) support improved outcomes for students?

Q36. 35. Are there other objectives for funding accountability and transparency we have missed?

Q39. 36. How can governments make better use of the information already collected and/or published to achieve the objectives?

Q38. 37. What other funding accountability and transparency information regarding schools (both your school and the education system more generally) would be useful?

Q37. 38. What are the priority gaps in the current funding transparency and accountability arrangements from your perspective?

Q59. Do you have any additional comments? (2,000 characters)

My daughter attends the Steiner Stream at [REDACTED] School. Accessibility, affordability and more widespread knowledge of this type of education is needed. My daughter attends and it has been the most beautiful, gentle and nurturing experience. Steiner education aims to preserve the magic and wonder of childhood. The beauty of the natural world and celebration of the seasons are a big focus. Much of their learning happens through story telling, music, games, drawing, painting and craft. It is a wonderful, caring community and the teachers are amazing. The children are allowed to be children. They are nurtured and celebrating for their individual beauty. As a result they nurture and celebrate the beauty of the world around them. They have intrinsic motivation to learn and be kind to others and the world. They love to read and create. They will be the change-makers of the next generation.

Q52. If you have more information you would like to share with the Expert Panel, please send a written response as a .docx or RTF format to [NSRA.submissions@education.gov.au](mailto:NSRA.submissions@education.gov.au). An additional PDF version may also be submitted. Please make sure to note that your email is to be considered alongside your current submission.

If you have any questions about your submission or the submissions process more broadly, please contact [NSRA.submissions@education.gov.au](mailto:NSRA.submissions@education.gov.au)