Q44.

## Review to Inform a Better and Fairer Education System

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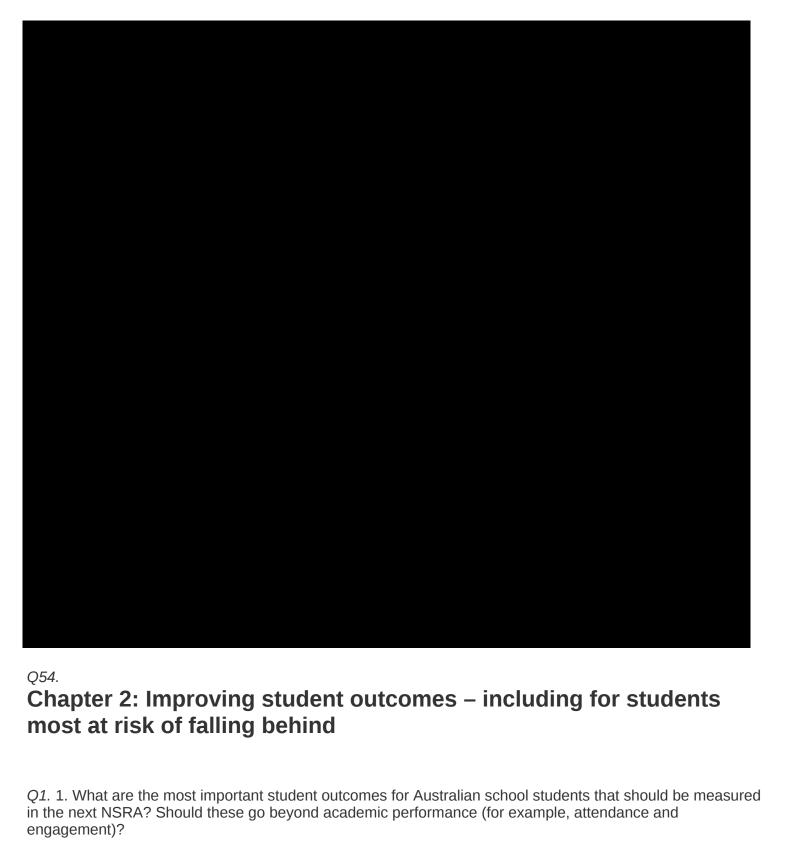
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Engagement through participation Creative thinking Wellbeing

Q2. 2. What are the evidence-based practices that teachers, schools, systems and sectors can put in place to improve student outcomes, particularly for those most at risk of falling behind? Are different approaches required for different at-risk cohorts?
Additional teachers that can target students at need regularly.
Q3. 3. How can all students at risk of falling behind be identified early on to enable swift learning interventions?
Rely more heavily on teachers judgement rather than standardised assessments
Q4. 4. Should the next NSRA add additional priority equity cohorts? For example, should it add children and young people living in out-of-home care and students who speak English as an additional language or dialect? What are the risks and benefits of identifying additional cohorts?
No
Q5. 5. What should the specific targets in the next NSRA be? Should the targets be different for primary and secondary schools? If so, how? What changes are required to current measurement frameworks, and what

new measures might be required?

Yes specify to primary and secondary is required. Primary teacher have good pedagogy but lack Content knowledge. Secondary teachers have structured to the content knowledge but poor pedagogical practices	ong
6. 6. How can the targets in the next NSRA be structured to ensure evidence-based approaches underpin a ationally coherent reform agenda while allowing jurisdictions and schools the flexibility to respond to dividual student circumstances and needs?	
Use similar to Victoria numeracy improvement guide for school leaders as a basis for all content areas	
7. 7. How should progress towards any new targets in the next NSRA be reported on?	
Through teachers expert judgment	
55.	
Chapter 3: Improving student mental health and wellbeing	
8. 8. What does it look like when a school is supporting student mental health and wellbeing effectively? /hat is needed from school, systems, government and the community to deliver this?	
Proprtise wellbeing into their weekly planning, have over all goals aligned to improving student wellbeing	

Q9. 9. What evidence-based wellbeing approaches currently being implemented by schools and communities should be considered as part of a national reform agenda?
Respectful relationships
Q10. 10. Should a wellbeing target be included in the next NSRA? Could this use existing data collections, or is additional data required?
Yes
Q11. 11. Would there be benefit in surveying students to help understand student perceptions of safety and belonging at school, subjective state of wellbeing, school climate and classroom disruption? Would there be value in incorporating this into existing National Assessment Program surveys such as NAPLAN?
Yes
Q12. 12. To what extent do school leaders and teachers have the skills and training to support students struggling with mental health?
Not very well

13. 13. What can be done to establish stronger partnerships between schools, Local Health Networks and Primary Health Networks?
In school counsellors available. Teachers having adequate time to develop wellbeing PD
Q19. 14. What can be done to ensure schools can easily refer students to services outside the school gate that they need to support their wellbeing? How can this be done without adding to teacher and leader workload?
School counsellors Take on that role
Q56.  Chapter 4: Our current and future teachers  Q20. 15. What change(s) would attract more students into the teaching profession?
Better conditions, more respect for the profession

Q32. 16. What change(s) would support teachers to remain in the profession?

More professional learning, better conditions, Salary
31. 17. What change(s) would support qualified teachers to return to the profession?
Better conditions, salary
230. 18. What additional reforms are needed to ensure that the schools most in need can support and retain
ighly effective teachers?
Better conditions
Better conditions
29. 19. What can be done to attract a diverse group of people into the teaching profession to ensure it looks
ke the broader community?
Better salary

*Q28.* 20. What can be done to attract more First Nations teachers? What can be done to improve the retention of First Nations teachers?

	More input into curriculum documents
$\circ$	26. 21. What referms could enable the existing teacher workforce to be deployed more effectively?
Ų	26. 21. What reforms could enable the existing teacher workforce to be deployed more effectively?
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Q23. 24. How should digital technology be used to support education delivery, reduce teacher workload and improve teacher effectiveness? What examples are you aware of?

	Ai?
	22. 25. Are there benefits for the teaching profession in moving to a national registration system? If so, what re they?  Yes streamed line resources nationally all working toward the same goals
	57. Chapter 5: Collecting data to inform decision-making and boost
S	27. 26. What data are of most value to you and how accessible are these for you?
Q	235. 27. Is there any data that are not currently collected and reported on that is vital to understanding ducation in Australia? Why is this data important?
CI	addition in Additalia: willy is this data important:

	lata measurement and f so, how can this data			ents with disability	/ be a priority ur	nder
3. 29. Is there a	a need to establish a report at a jurisdiction	report which track al and a national	ks progress on t level? What sho	he targets and re ould be included	eforms in the ne in the report?	xt
ailable to inform	data collected by scho n policy design and im ailable safely and effic	plementation? W				е

*Q31.* 31. The Productivity Commission and Australian Education Research Organisation (AERO) have identified the need for longitudinal data to identify the actual students at risk of falling behind based on their performance (and not on equity groups alone) and to monitor these students' progress over time. Should this be the key data reform for the next NSRA?

. 32. Should an independent e to govern the sharing of da	body be responsible for coata through this body?	ellecting and holding data? Wh	nat rules should be in
. 33. Is there data being coll	ected that is no longer requ	ired?	
. 34. How could the national	Unique Student Identifier (I	USI) support improved outcor	nes for students?
e	33. Is there data being colle	33. Is there data being collected that is no longer requ	32. Should an independent body be responsible for collecting and holding data? Wit to govern the sharing of data through this body?  33. Is there data being collected that is no longer required?

Q58.

**Chapter 6: Funding transparency and accountability** 

Q36. 35. Are there other objectives for funding accountability and transparency we have missed?
Q39. 36. How can governments make better use of the information already collected and/or published to achieve the objectives?
Q38. 37. What other funding accountability and transparency information regarding schools (both your school and the education system more generally) would be useful?
Q37. 38. What are the priority gaps in the current funding transparency and accountability arrangements from your perspective?

Q52. If you have more information you would like to share with the Expert Panel, please send a written
response as a .docx or RTF format to NSRA.submissions@education.gov.au. An additional PDF version may
also be submitted. Please make sure to note that your email is to be considered alongside your current
submission.

If you have any questions about your submission or the submissions process more broadly, please contact  $\underline{\mathsf{NSRA.submissions}} \underline{\mathsf{oeducation.gov.au}}$