

# Broadening Indigenous participation across the disciplines:

Australian Council of Deans of Science  
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*Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander*  
*Higher Education Advisory Council*



Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander  
Higher Education Advisory Council

# ATSIHEAC policy development framework

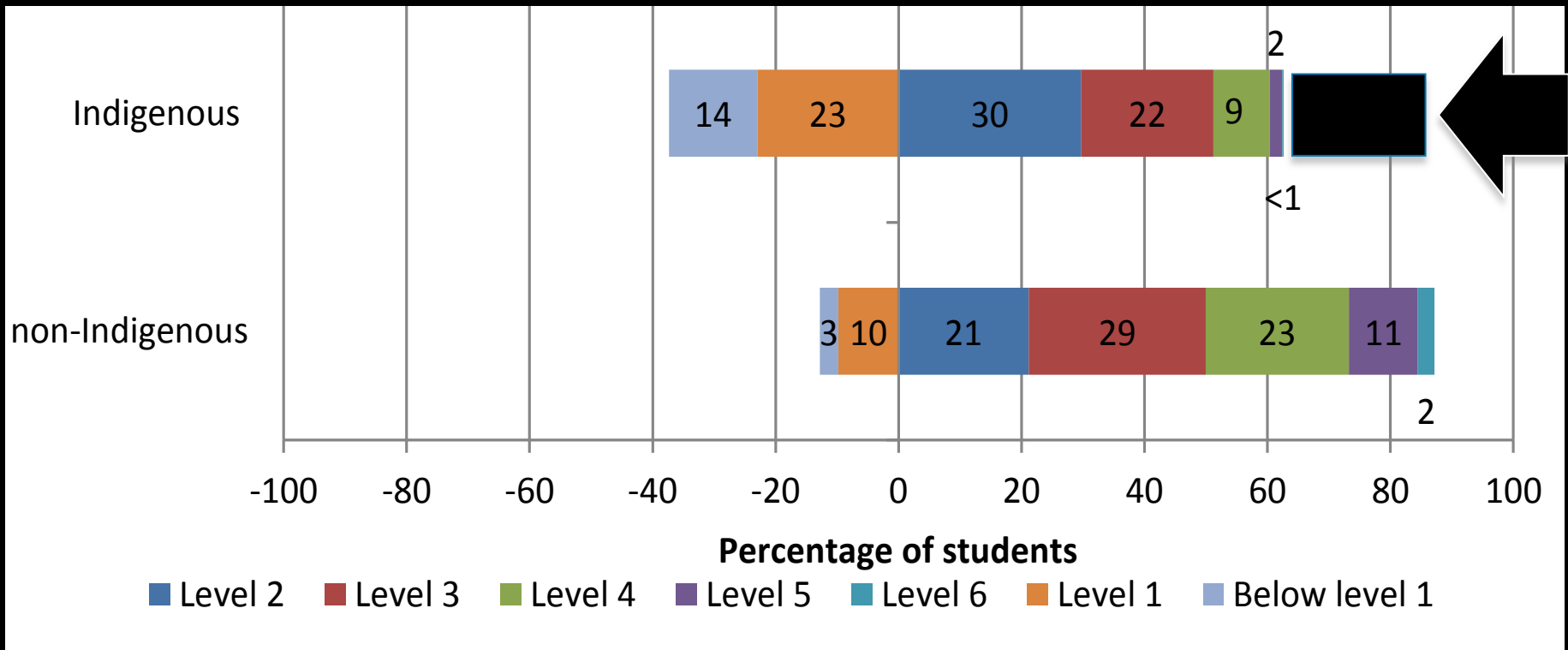
1. Broadening access across the disciplines
2. Whole of University Strategy
3. Academic Workforce
4. Sustainable financing
5. System level performance monitoring

## Broadening participation across the disciplines

- 11% of Indigenous people are employed in professional occupations, compared to 20% of non-Indigenous people
- Most common occupation group for employed people:
  - For Indigenous people - Labourer (24%)
  - For non-Indigenous people - Professional (20%)

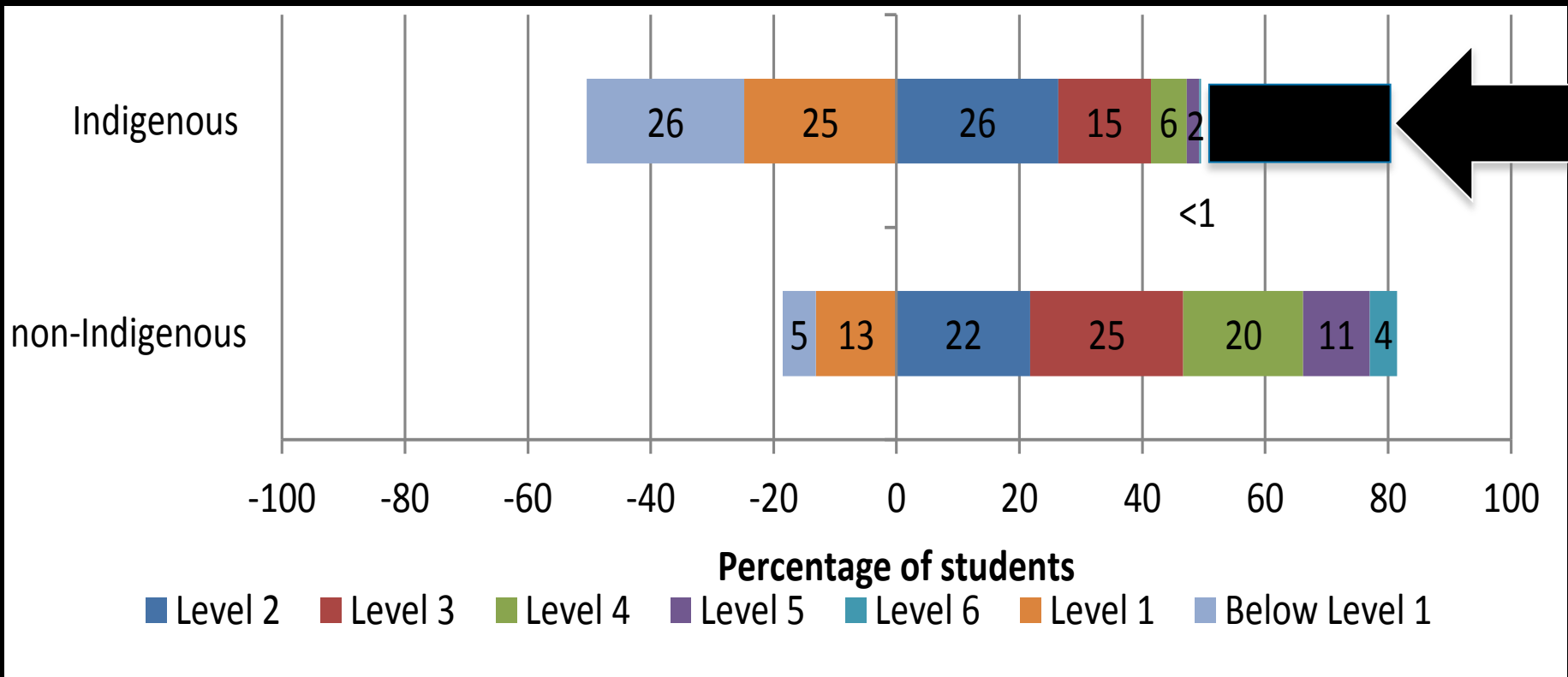
*Drawn from Census data 2006 and 2011*

# PISA 2012 science literacy proficiency



Source: Thomson, S. et al 2014, *Indigenous Student Performance on Standardised Tests*, (draft report to ATSIHEAC)

# PISA 2012 mathematical literacy proficiency



Source: Thomson, S. et al 2014, *Indigenous Student Performance on Standardised Tests*, (draft report to ATSIHEAC)

## Science Literacy and Science Interest

Retrospective analysis of PISA 2006 (McConney et al 2011):

- Indigenous science literacy lags non-Indigenous literacy by about 83.5 points (0.76 standard deviation units)
- Indigenous science interest led that of non-Indigenous students by 10 points (0.1 SD)
- Regression modelling: Reading Literacy accounted for 62 per cent of science literacy variance

## Implications for schools

- There is a gap in achievement (science literacy)
- The gap is not a result of lower interest in science but instead mainly associated with reading literacy
- Use interest in science to improve reading literacy
  - Recognise that science is more than facts and definitions and knowledge in science can build on what students know



## Science Engagement and Literacy

Analysis of 2006 PISA Indigenous/Non-Indigenous Australian and NZ Students (Woods-McConney et al., 2013):

- There is a gap in achievement (science literacy)
- The gap is not a result of lower interest in science but instead mainly associated with reading literacy

Use the interest in science to improve reading literacy

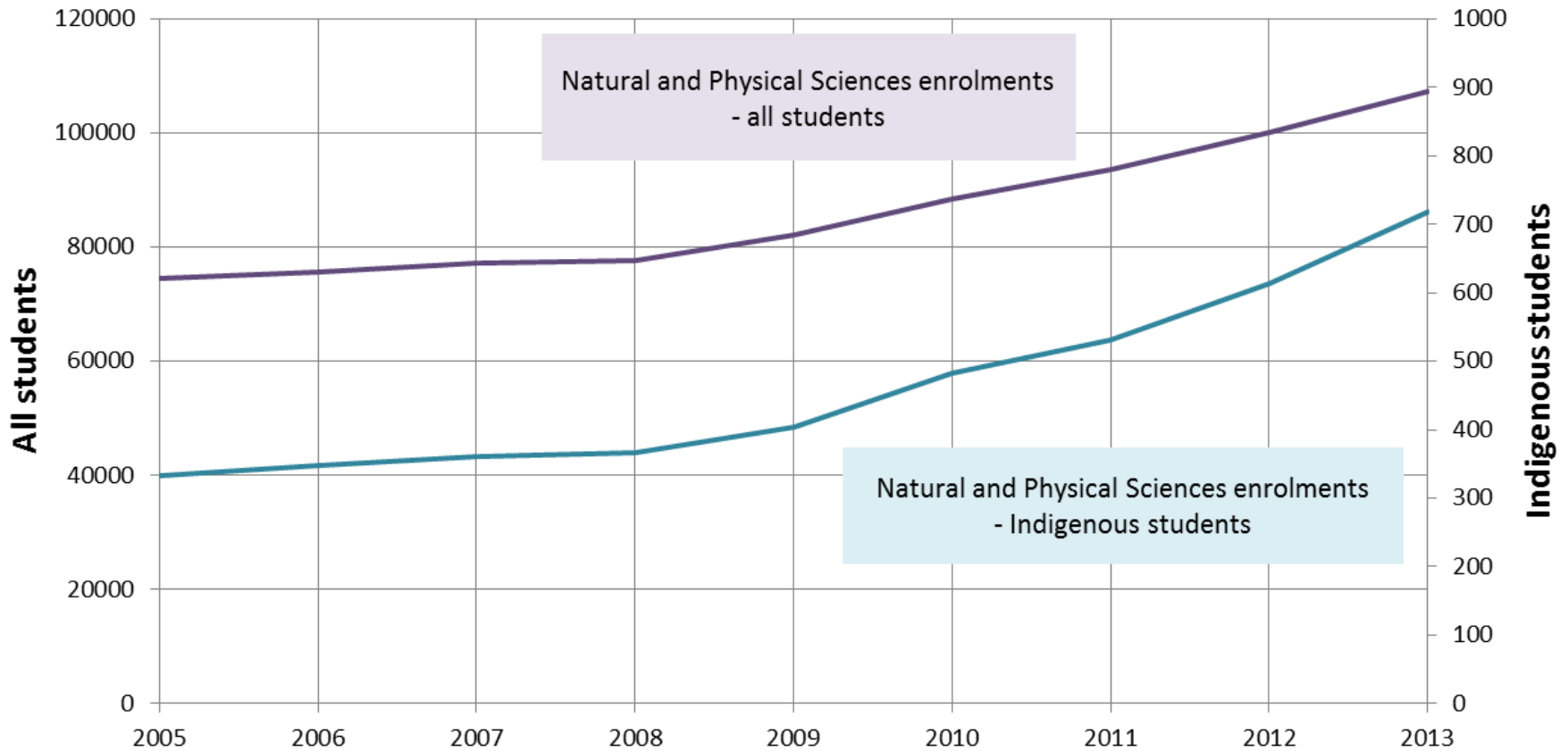
- Recognise that science is more than facts and definitions and knowledge in science can build on what students know

## Implications for practice

- Relationship among factors in science literacy and engagement not completely understood
- Engagement in science not always associated with high science literacy
- Engagement in science is valuable on its own, not only as a precursor to science literacy
- Connecting out-of-school activities to 'school science' may help improve engagement in science for all students

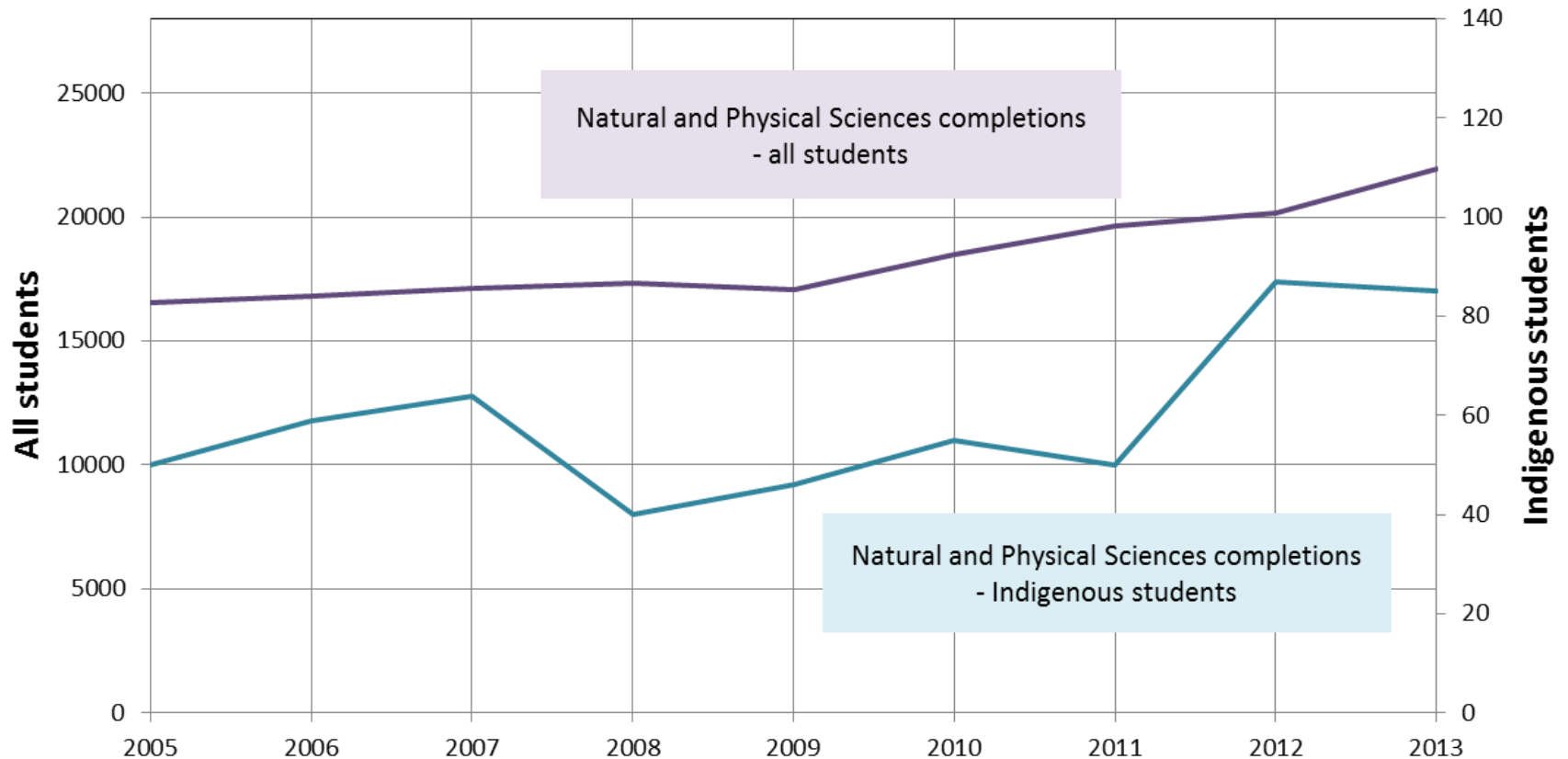
# Indigenous participation in science - enrolments

Natural and Physical Sciences Enrolments (Indigenous and all students), 2005-2013

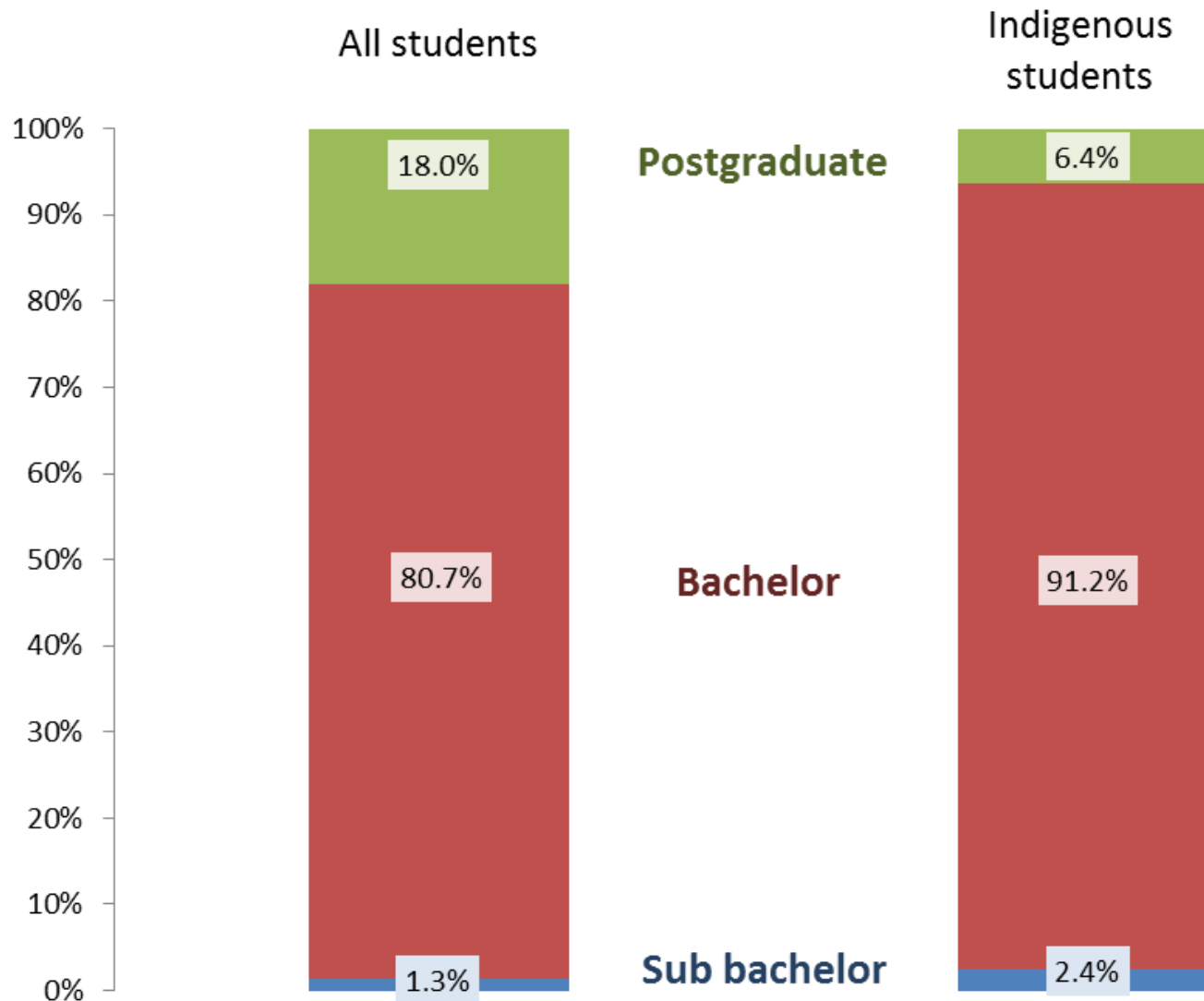


# Indigenous participation in science - completions

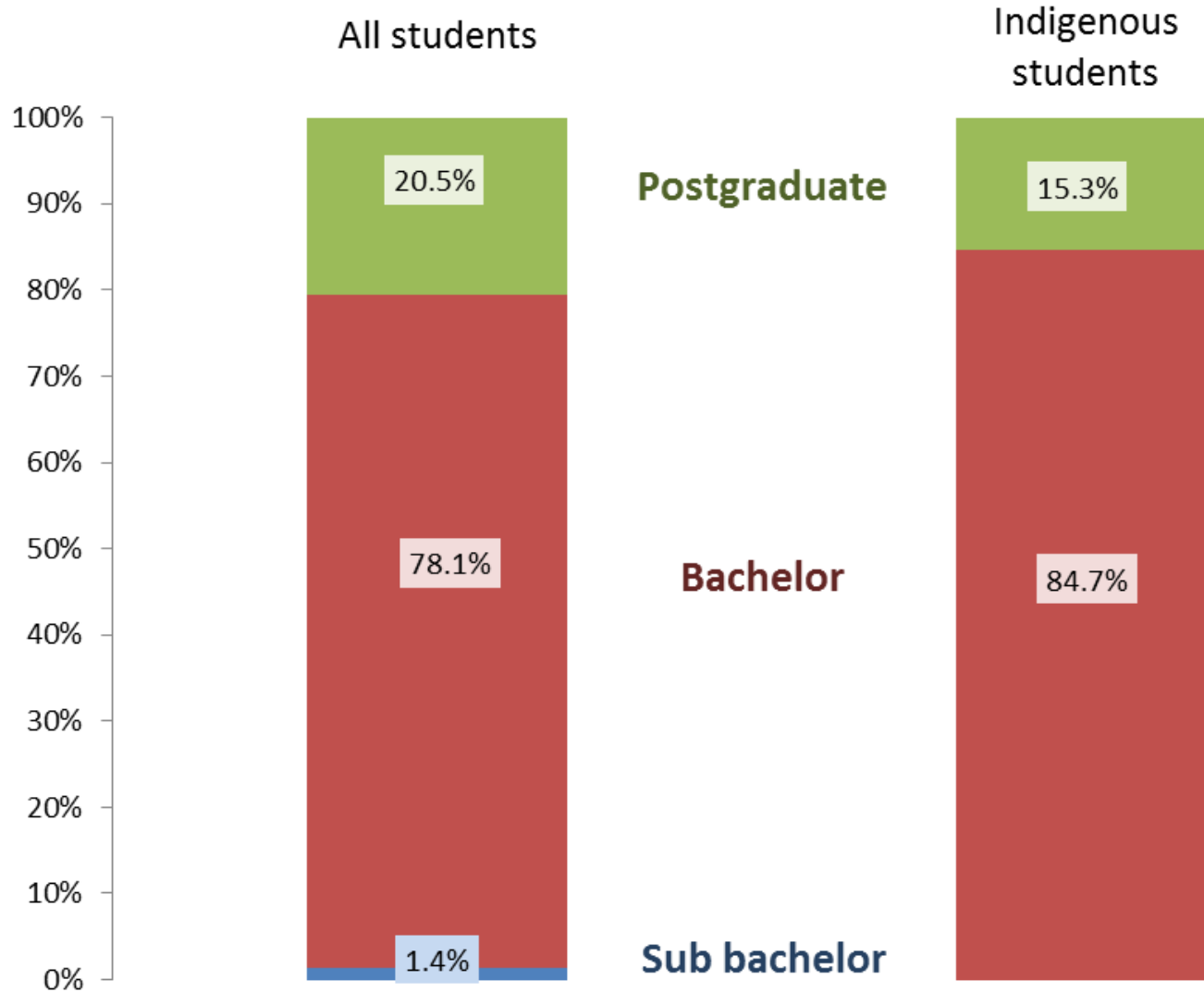
Natural and Physical Sciences Completions (Indigenous & all students), 2005-2013



## Natural & Physical Sciences Enrolments by Level of Course, 2013



# Natural & Physical Sciences Completions by Level of Course, 2013



## Areas where Deans can make a difference

1. Outreach
2. Pedagogy
3. Curriculum
4. Preparation
5. Accountability
6. Pathways
7. Network
8. Sharing information

