

Double First-Class university and discipline list policy update

(Information current as at 14 December 2017)

In September 2017, the Chinese Ministry of Education, Ministry of Finance and National Development and Reform Commission released the detailed lists of universities and disciplines to be developed under China’s Double First-Class [Pinyin: shuāng yī liú] initiative. The Double First-Class initiative is China’s largest education development scheme to date, aimed at increasing the global recognition of China’s university system by 2049 (the 100 year anniversary of the establishment of the People’s Republic of China). The plan was first [announced](https://internationaleducation.gov.au/international-network/china/PolicyUpdates-China/Pages/China-sets-direction-for-world-class-universities.aspx) in November 2015 and the [implementation plan](https://internationaleducation.gov.au/international-network/china/PolicyUpdates-China/Pages/Implementation-measures-released-for-Chinas-new-world-class-university-policy.aspx) was issued in January 2017.

Under this initiative, 42 universities have been identified as having the potential to develop as world class, including 36 universities categorised as type A (already well on the way to being world class) and 6 universities as type B (considered to have the potential to be world class). In addition, 465 disciplines from 140 universities (including the group of 42) are also identified as having the potential to become world class.

The list of 42 universities includes all 39 of the former [“985” project universities](https://internationaleducation.gov.au/international-network/china/PolicyUpdates-China/Pages/Article-Ranking-Chinas-universities.aspx), plus three additional universities from the former [“211” project](https://internationaleducation.gov.au/international-network/china/PolicyUpdates-China/Pages/Article-Ranking-Chinas-universities.aspx): Zhengzhou University (Henan), Yunnan University (Yunnan) and Xinjiang University (Xinjiang). The discipline development list is composed mainly of former “985” and “211” project universities, with an additional 25 non “211” project universities that have strengths in particular fields.

The Double First-Class initiative covers all provinces and regions in mainland China, with a broader geographical spread than the former “985” and “211” projects. This preferential policy support towards regional areas is designed to help achieve the national education development goal of having more balanced and equitable education for all. However, the majority of disciplines to be developed are still clustered in major cosmopolitan areas in the eastern region of China. Beijing topped the chart with 162 disciplines, followed by Shanghai with 57 and Jiangsu with 43.  These three provinces together have more than half of the total disciplines to be developed.

Australian universities have developed strong partnerships with Chinese universities over the years, and should expect to see partners included in the Double First-Class rise in international rankings, with substantial support afforded by the initiative.  An analysis of [Universities Australia data](https://www.universitiesaustralia.edu.au/global-engagement/international-collaboration/international-links#.WjHJkGwUmUl)shows that almost 60% of the active institutional agreements in 2016 between Australian and Chinese universities are with universities that are included in the initiative, and of the 36 [Australian Studies Centres](http://www.fasic.org.au/index.php/australian-studies-centres/studies-centres) established across China, 13 are located in Double First-Class universities.

The following lists of disciplines can assist Australian universities and researchers to identify potential education and research partners.

1. ["Double First-Class” initiative disciplines development list](https://internationaleducation.gov.au/international-network/china/PolicyUpdates-China/Documents/DFC%20initiative%20disciplines%20development%20list%20(Sorted%20by%20province%20and%20university).pdf)(Sorted by province and university)

2.[“Double First-Class” initiative disciplines development list](https://internationaleducation.gov.au/international-network/china/PolicyUpdates-China/Documents/DFC%20initiative%20disciplines%20development%20list%20(Sorted%20by%20discipline).pdf)(Sorted by discipline)

For further enquiries, please contact the [Education and Research Section](mailto:education.research@dfat.gov.au) of the Australian Embassy in Beijing.

## “Double First-Class” initiative University development list

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **#** | **Province** | **University Name** | **Type** | **Previous Status** |
| 1 | Anhui | University of Science and Technology of China | A | 985 & 211 |
| 2 | Beijing | Beihang University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 3 | Beijing | Beijing Institute of Technology | A | 985 & 211 |
| 4 | Beijing | Beijing Normal University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 5 | Beijing | China Agricultural University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 6 | Beijing | Peking University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 7 | Beijing | Renmin University of China\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 8 | Beijing | Tsinghua University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 9 | Beijing | Minzu University of China | A | 985 & 211 |
| 10 | Chongqing | Chongqing University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 11 | Fujian | Xiamen University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 12 | Gansu | Lanzhou University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 13 | Guangdong | South China University of Technology | A | 985 & 211 |
| 14 | Guangdong | Sun Yat-sen University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 15 | Heilongjiang | Harbin Institute of Technology\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 16 | Hubei | Huazhong University of Science and Technology | A | 985 & 211 |
| 17 | Hubei | Wuhan University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 18 | Hunan | Central South University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 19 | Hunan | National University of Defense Technology | A | 985 & 211 |
| 20 | Jiangsu | Nanjing University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 21 | Jiangsu | Southeast University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 22 | Jilin | Jilin University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 23 | Liaoning | Dalian University of Technology | A | 985 & 211 |
| 24 | Shaanxi | Northwestern Polytechnical University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 25 | Shaanxi | Xi'an Jiaotong University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 26 | Shandong | Ocean University of China | A | 985 & 211 |
| 27 | Shandong | Shandong University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 28 | Shanghai | East China Normal University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 29 | Shanghai | Fudan University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 30 | Shanghai | Shanghai Jiao Tong University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 31 | Shanghai | Tongji University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 32 | Sichuan | Sichuan University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 33 | Sichuan | University of Electronic Science and Technology of China | A | 985 & 211 |
| 34 | Tianjin | Nankai University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 35 | Tianjin | Tianjin University | A | 985 & 211 |
| 36 | Zhejiang | Zhejiang University\* | A | 985 & 211 |
| 37 | Hunan | Hunan University | B | 985 & 211 |
| 38 | Liaoning | Northeastern University\* | B | 985 & 211 |
| 39 | Shaanxi | Northwest A&F University | B | 985 & 211 |
| 40 | Henan | Zhengzhou University | B | 211 |
| 41 | Xinjiang | Xinjiang University | B | 211 |
| 42 | Yunnan | Yunnan University | B | 211 |

*\*indicates that the university hosts an Australian Studies Centre (ASC) as of November 2017*

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For further enquiries, please contact the [Education and Research Section](mailto:education.research@dfat.gov.au) of the Australian Embassy in Beijing.